in the State where the business enterprise is located before the incentives or inducements are offered.

(e) A State may not take into consideration payments under the Act in determining for any educational agency or institution in that State the eligibility for State aid or the amount of State aid with respect to public education within the State.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control No. 1830–0030)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2421, 2424, 2466c, 2468b, 2468c, and 2468e(a)(2))

§ 400.10 What are the reporting requirements?

- (a) Recipients of grants and cooperative agreements shall report information about students, projects, evaluations, dissemination, expenditures, accomplishments, and any other information, as may be required by the Secretary.
- (b) Recipients of grants and cooperative agreements under—
- (1) Parts 401, 402, 405, 408, 409, 413, 415, 416, 417, 419, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, and 428 shall submit performance reports at least semi-annually;
- (2) Part 412 shall submit monthly progress and financial status reports and an annual impact report; and
- (3) Part 413 shall submit monthly exception reports and quarterly financial status reports.
- (c) Recipients of grants under parts 403, 406, and 407 shall submit annual performance and financial reports.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control No. 1830-0030)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.)

PART 401—INDIAN VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAM

Subpart A—General

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AUTHORITY: 20 U.S.C. 2313(b), unless otherwise noted.

Source: 57 FR 36730, Aug. 14, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§ 401.1 What is the Indian Vocational Education Program?

The Indian Vocational Education Program provides financial assistance to projects that provide vocational education for the benefit of Indians.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2313(b))

§ 401.2 Who is eligible for an award?

- (a) The following entities are eligible for an award under this program:
- (1) A tribal organization of any Indian tribe that is eligible to contract with the Secretary of the Interior under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act or under the Act of April 16, 1934.
- (2) A Bureau-funded school offering a secondary program.
- (b) Any tribal organization or Bureau-funded school described in paragraph (a) of this section may apply individually or jointly as part of a consortium with one or more eligible tribal organizations or schools.

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- (c)(1) A consortium shall enter into an agreement signed by all members of the consortium, and designating one member of the consortium as the applicant and grantee.
- (2) The agreement must detail the activities each member of the consortium plans to perform, and must bind each member to every statement and assurance made in the application.
- (3) The applicant shall submit the agreement with its application.

CROSS-REFERENCE: See 34 CFR 75.127-75.129—Group applications.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2313(b))

§ 401.3 What activities may the Secretary fund?

- (a) The Secretary provides financial assistance through grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements to plan, conduct, and administer projects or portions of projects that are authorized by and consistent with the purposes of the Act. In the case of a grant to a Bureaufunded school, the Secretary provides a minimum grant of \$35,000.
- (b) Projects funded under this program are in addition to other programs, services, and activities made available under other provisions of the Act to—
- (1) Eligible Indians in need of vocational education; and
- (2) Eligible Indian tribes as community-based organizations that receive State vocational education assistance.
- (c) An award under this program may be used to provide a stipend to a student who—
- (1) Is enrolled in a vocational education project funded under this program; and
- (2) Has an acute economic need that cannot be met through work-study programs.
- (d) The amount of a stipend may be the greater of either the minimum hourly wage prescribed by State or local law, or the minimum hourly wage set under the Fair Labor Standards Act. A stipend may not be paid for time a student is not in attendance in a project.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2313(b) (1) and (3))

§ 401.4 What regulations apply?

The following regulations apply to the Indian Vocational Education Program:

- (a) The regulations in 34 CFR part 400 (except that 34 CFR parts 79 and 82 do not apply to this program).
- (b) The regulations in this part 401.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2313(b))

§ 401.5 What definitions apply?

- (a) The definitions in $34\ \text{CFR}\ 400.4$ apply to this part.
- (b) The following definitions also apply to this part:

Act of April 16, 1934 means the Federal law commonly known as the "Johnson-O'Malley Act" that authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to make contracts for the education of Indians and other purposes (25 U.S.C. 455–457).

Acute economic need means an income that is at or below the national poverty level according to the latest available data from the Department of Commerce or the Department of Health and Human Services Poverty Guidelines.

Bureau means the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior.

Bureau-funded school means-

- (1) A Bureau-operated elementary or secondary day or boarding school or a Bureau-operated dormitory for students attending a school other than a Bureau school;
- (2) An elementary or secondary school or a dormitory that receives financial assistance for its operation under a contract or agreement with the Bureau under sections 102, 104(1), or 208 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450f, 450h(1), and 458d); or
- (3) A school for which assistance is provided under the Tribally Controlled Schools Act of 1988.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2313(b); 25 U.S.C. 2019 (3), (4), and (5))

Indian means a person who is a member of an Indian tribe.

(Authority: 25 U.S.C. 450b(d))

Indian tribe means any Indian tribe, band, Nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established